



**mea**



# Financial Literacy and Retirement Planning in Germany

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# 1. Introduction:

## Increasing relevance of financial literacy

- ▶ Until 2001 monolithic pension system with strong state funded pillar
  - ▶ coverage: 85% of the German work force
  - ▶ provides for about 90% of old age income
  - ▶ 2001 pension reform – multi-pillar system:
    - ▶ reduction of state pensions for future retirees
    - ▶ introduction of a state-subsidised but voluntary funded pillar
- ▶ More individual responsibility
- ▶ Increasing variety of financial products
- ▶ Financial crisis 2007/2008

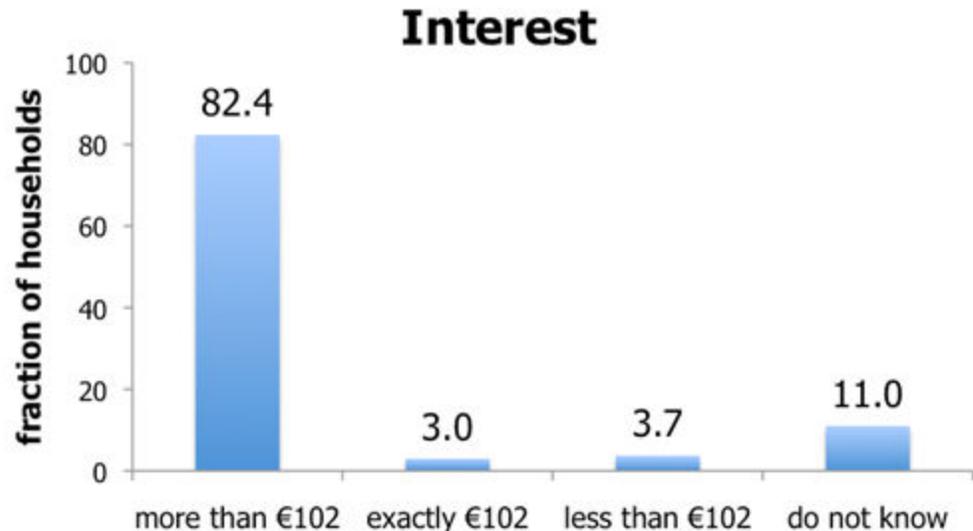
- ▶ German household panel on saving behavior
- ▶ Conducted since 2001, since 2005 yearly
- ▶ Data set 2009
- ▶ 1,117 households
- ▶ Paper and pencil
- ▶ Respondents are selected randomly within the households
- ▶ Financial Literacy:
  - ▶ In 2007 and 2008: Three basic questions
  - ▶ In 2009: Extended module (self-assessment, 11 quiz-like questions, 3 questions measuring cognitive abilities)

### 3. How financially literate are households in Germany?

#### 1. Understanding of **Interest Rate (Numeracy)**

*Suppose you had € 100 in a savings account and the interest rate was 2% per year. After 5 years, how much do you think you would have in the account if you left the money to grow: more than € 102, exactly € 102, less than € 102?*

*do not know / refuse*

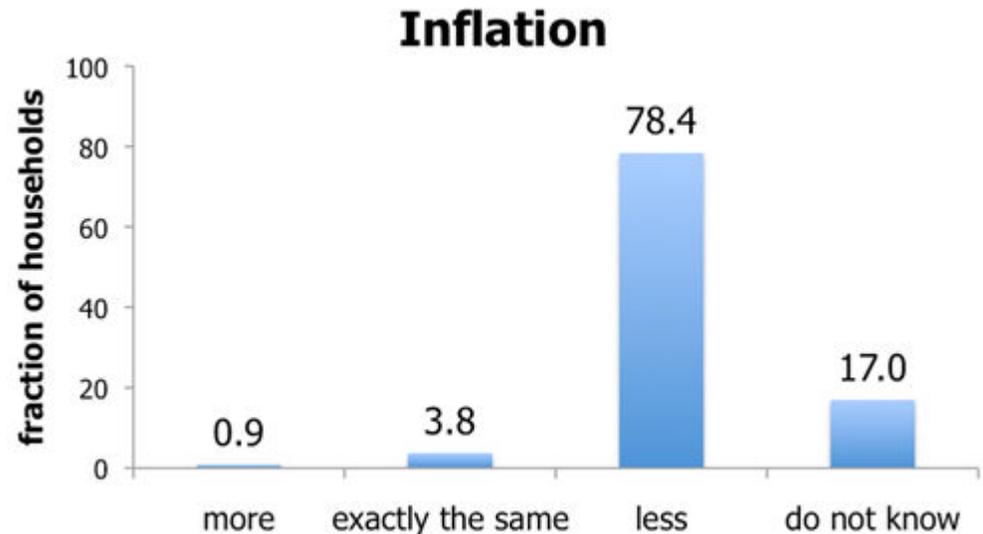


### 3. How financially literate are households in Germany?

#### 2. Understanding of **I**nflation

*Imagine that the interest rate on your savings account was 1% per year and inflation was 2% per year. After one year, would you be able to buy more than, exactly the same as, or less than today with the money in this account?*

*do not know / refuse*

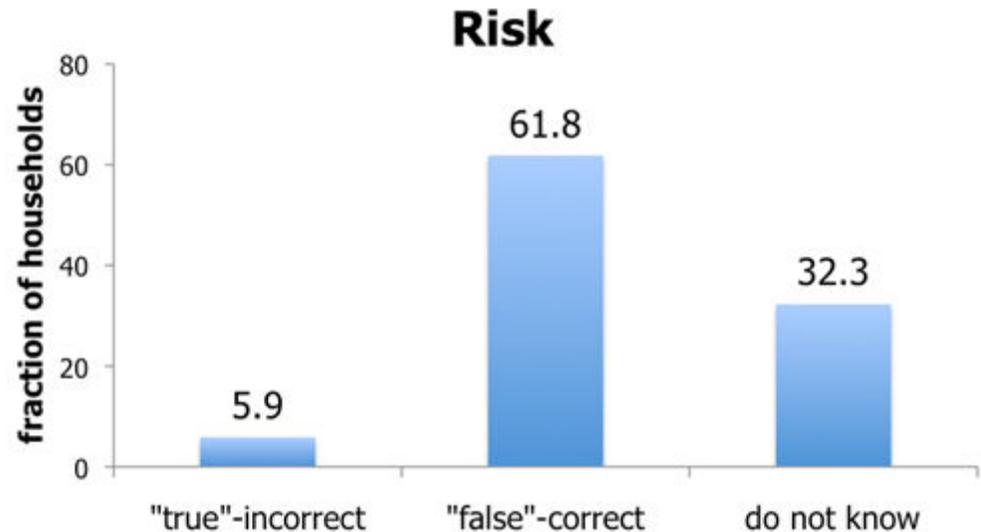


# 3. How financially literate are households in Germany?

## 3. Understanding of **Risk and Diversification**

*Do you think that the following statement is true or false? Buying a single company stock usually provides a safer return than a stock mutual fund.*

*do not know / refuse*



Source: own calculation on the basis of SAVE 2009, N= 1,059; data is weighted

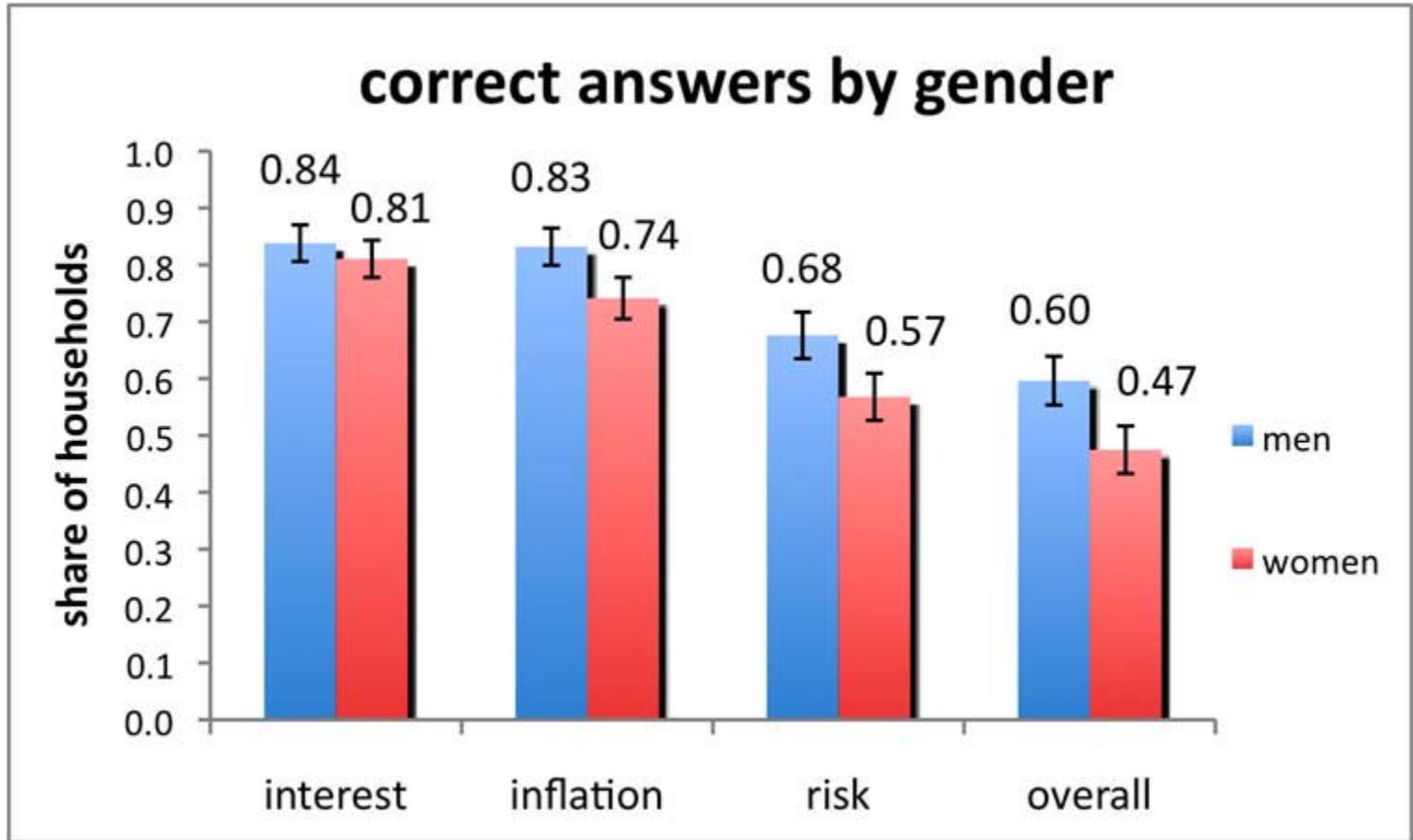
### 3. How financially literate are households in Germany?

#### Overall Performance

	In percent
Correct answer to interest and inflation	72%
All answers correct	53%
No answer correct	10%
At least one “do not know/refuse”	37%
All “do not know/ refuse”	8%

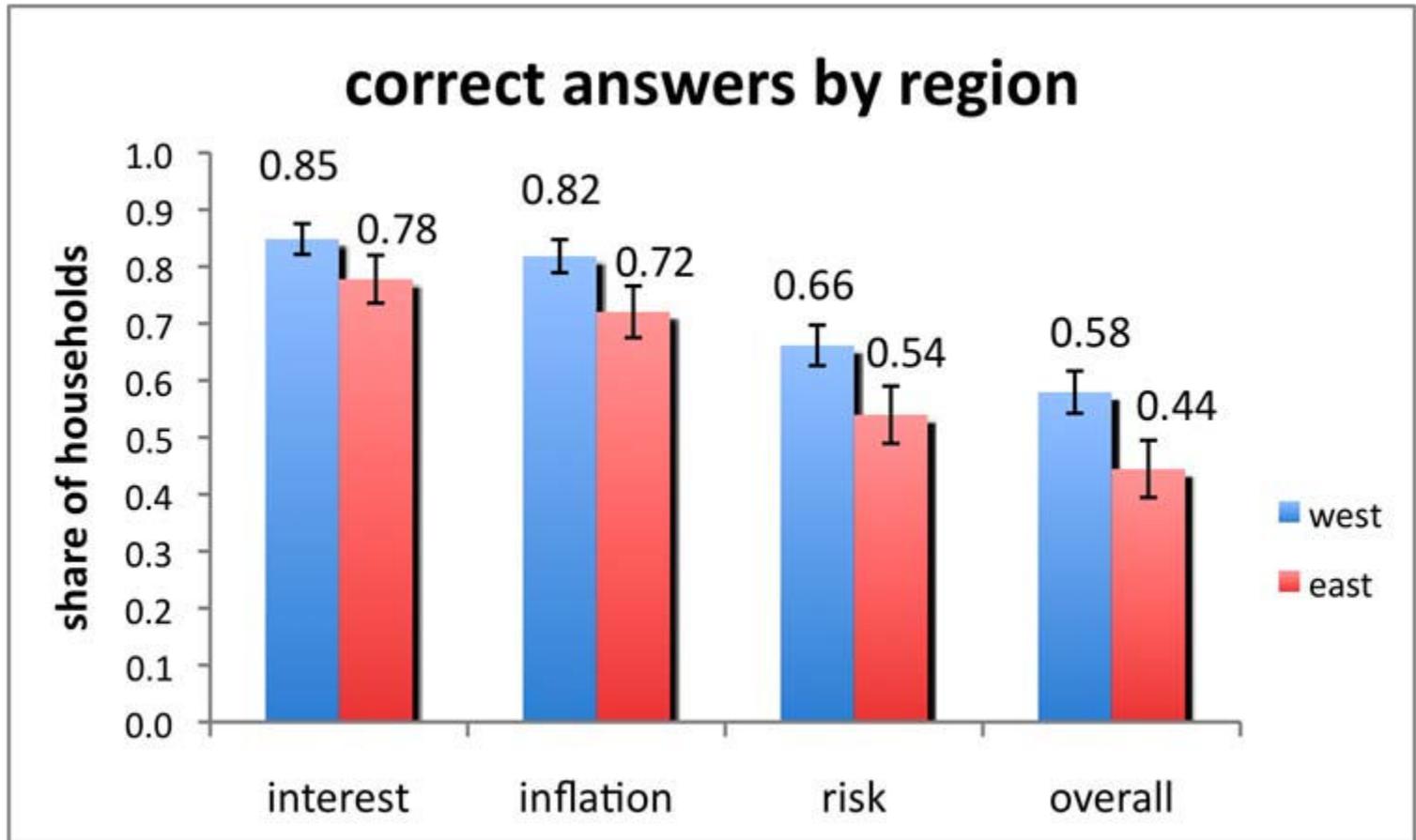
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## 4. Who is at risk of low literacy?



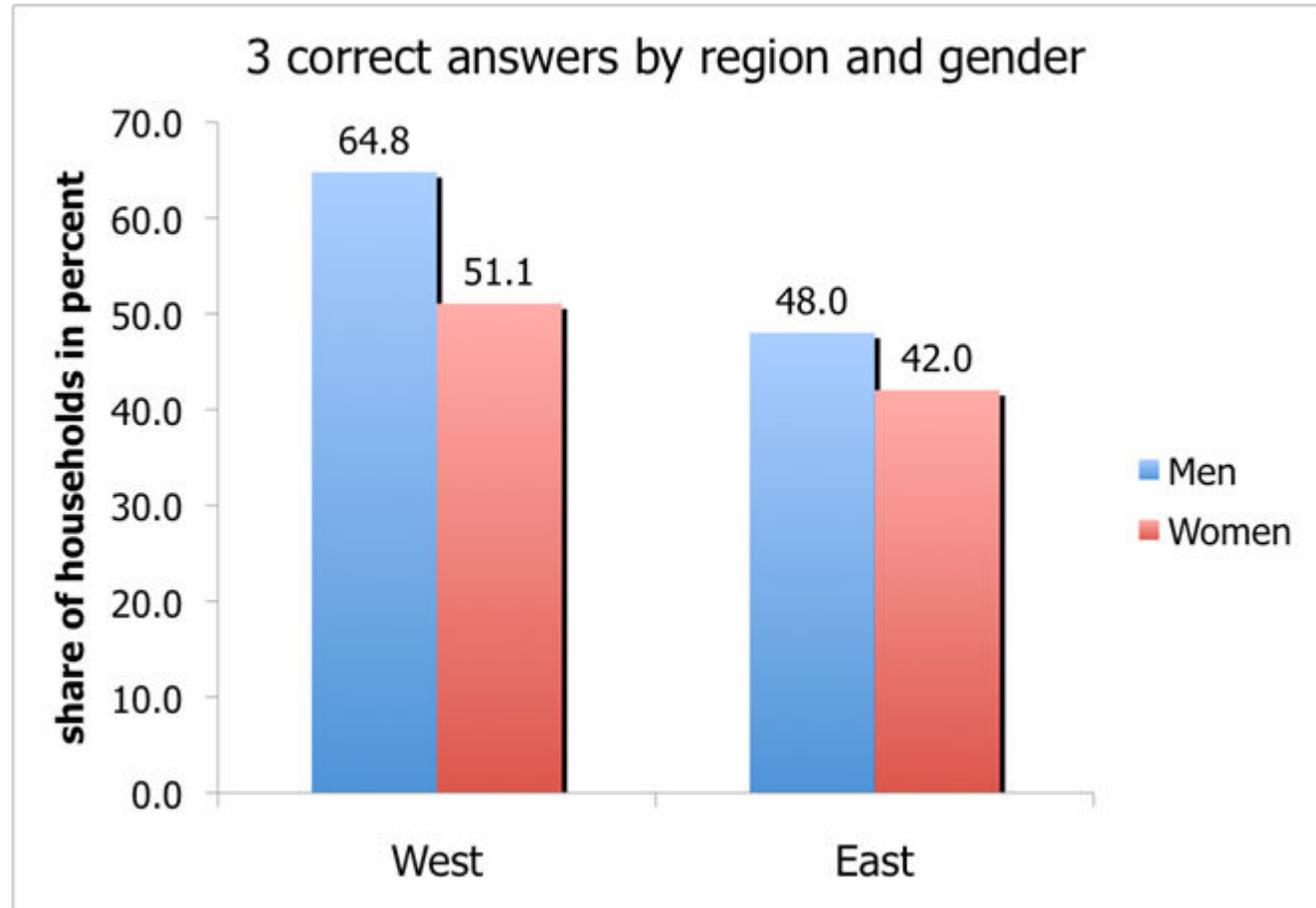
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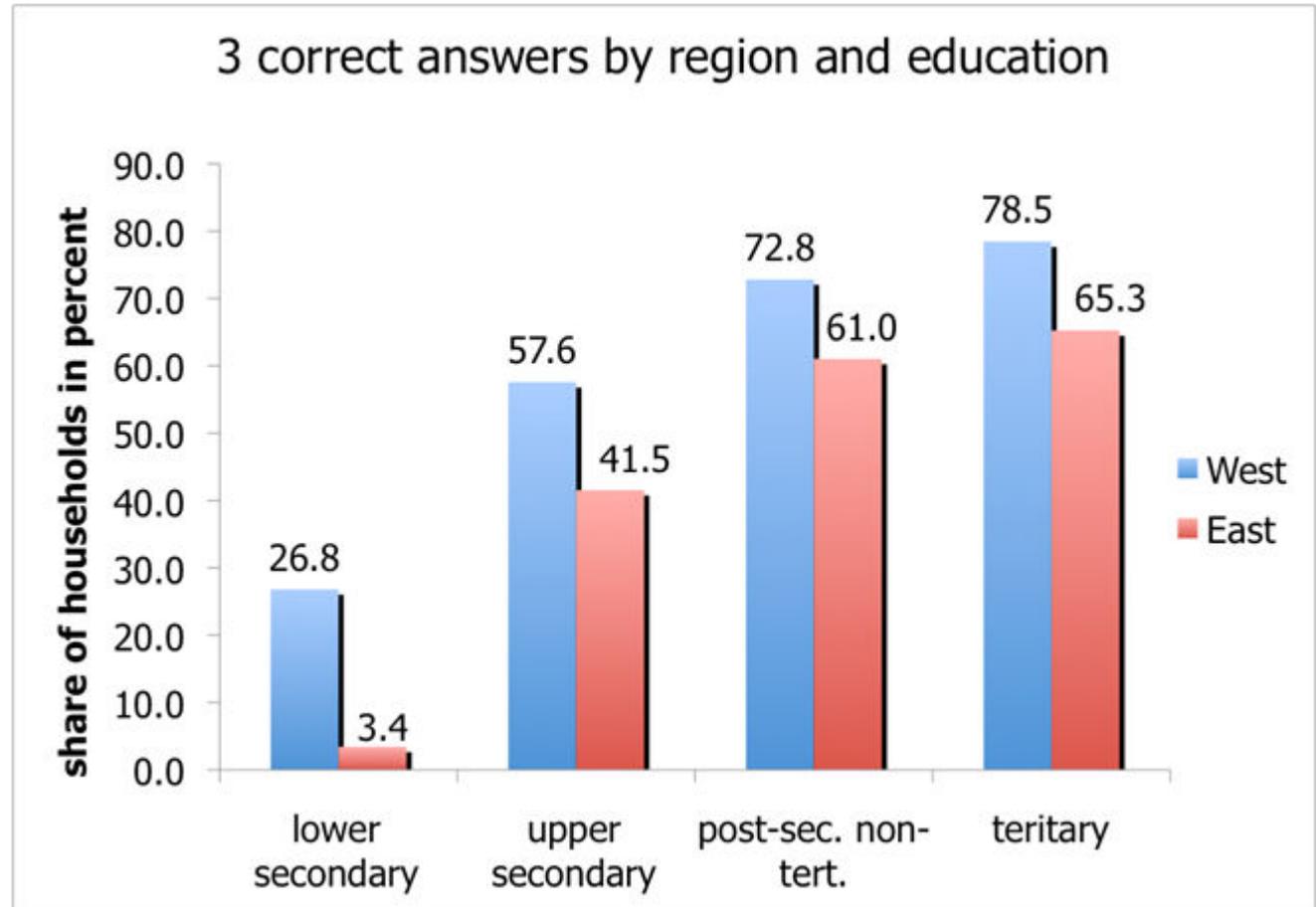
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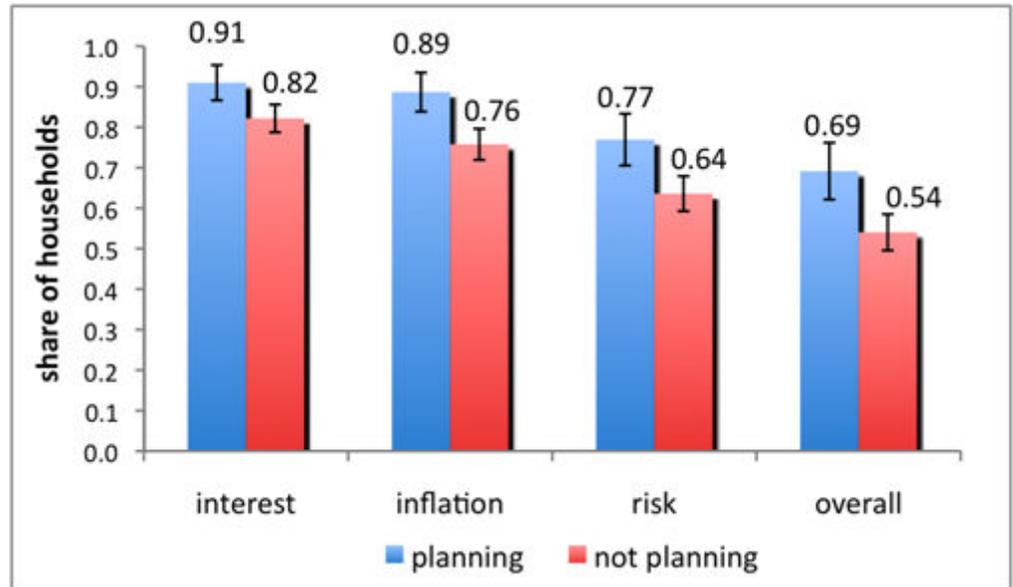
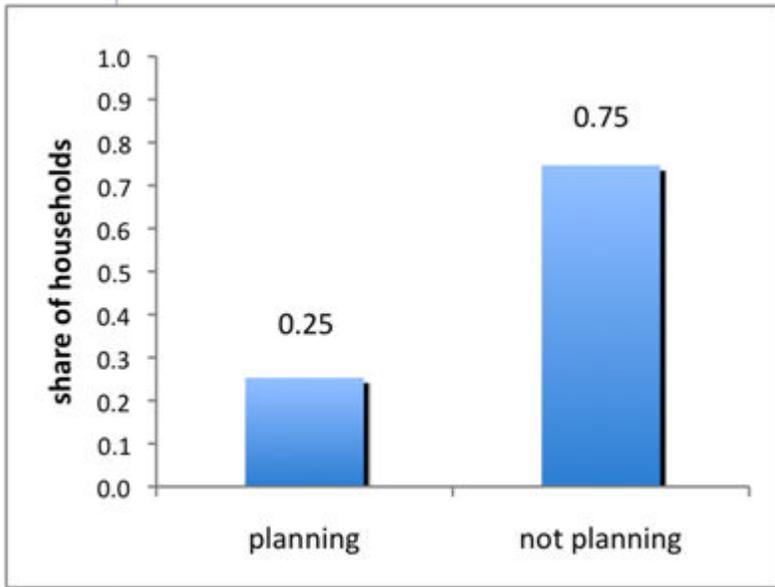


Source: own calculation on the basis of SAVE 2009, N= 1,059; data is weighted

# 5. Does financial literacy matter for retirement planning?

## Retirement planning

*Have you and your partner ever tried to find out, how much you would have to save today, to reach a certain standard of living at old age? Yes/No*



Source: own calculation on the basis of SAVE 2009, N= 647; data is weighted.

## 5. Does financial literacy matter for retirement planning?

OLS

	Retirement planning	Retirement planning
Financial Literacy - dummy 3 correct	0.07* (0.04)	0.06 (0.04)
Men, east, partner, no. of children, age, education	Yes	Yes
Income	No	Yes
N	647	647

Source: SAVE 2009, OLS regression, Robust se in brackets, \* significant at 10%.

## 5. Does financial literacy matter for retirement planning?

Determining a causal effect: INSTRUMENTAL VARIABLE

Peer effects: Variation of financial literacy in the region

- ▶ Kaustia and Torstila (2010): leftwing voters are less likely to invest in equity
- ▶ Voting shares for certain parties in the national election in 2005
  - FDP: higher stock market participation  
=> high financial knowledge
  - PDS/Linke: low stock market participation  
=> low financial knowledge

## 5. Does financial literacy matter for retirement planning?

### First stage: Financial Literacy Dummy

	I.	II.
Share FDP voters	2.84	2.85
	(0.97) <sup>***</sup>	(0.97) <sup>***</sup>
Share PDS/Linke voters	0.06	0.04
	(0.55)	(0.58)
Average regional income		0
		(0.00)
N	647	647
F-value instruments	4.38	4.37
Prob > F	0.0125	0.0127

Additional controls: Men, east, partner, no. of children, age, education, income.

Source: SAVE 2009, robust se in brackets,

\* significant at 10%; \*\* significant at 5%; \*\*\* significant at 1%.

# 5. Does financial literacy matter for retirement planning?

## Second stage: Retirement Planning

	I.	II.
Financial Literacy Dummy	0.88 (0.35)**	0.86 (0.36)**
Average regional income		0 (0.00)
Controls	Yes	Yes
N	647	647

Additional controls: Men, east, partner, no. of children, age, education, income.

Source: SAVE 2009, Clustered se in brackets,

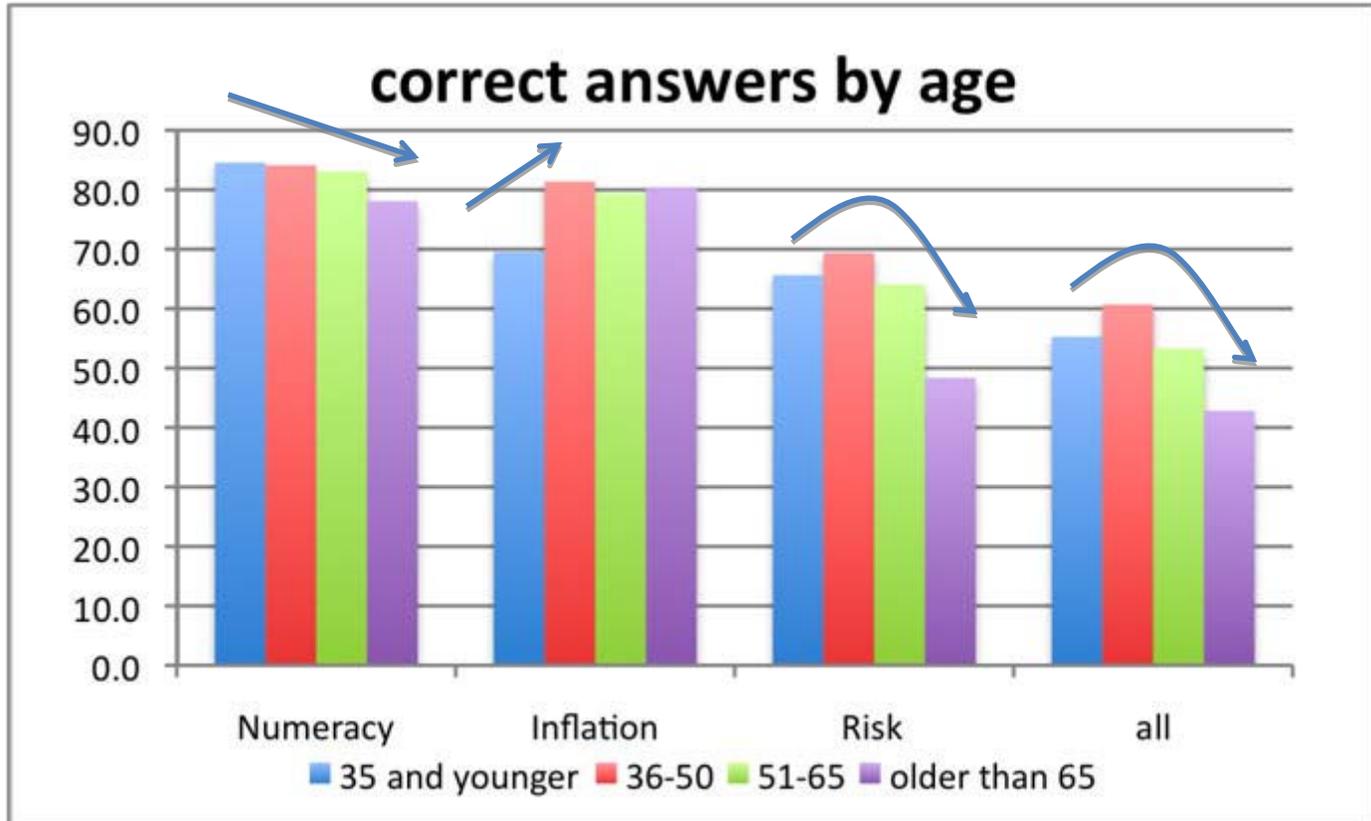
\* significant at 10%; \*\* significant at 5%; \*\*\* significant at 1%

## 6. Discussion and Conclusions

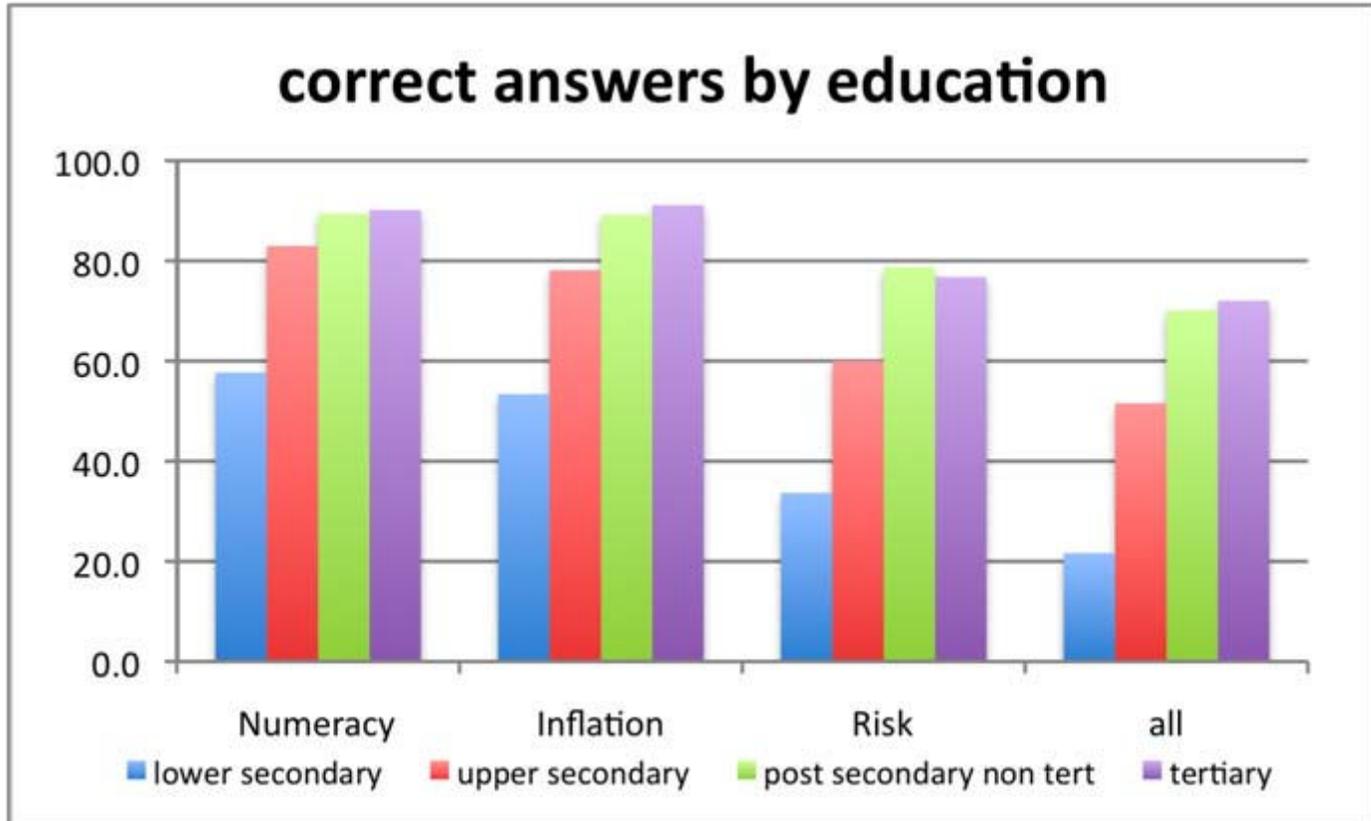
- ▶ Financial literacy:
  - ▶ 53% of the respondents can answer the three questions
  - ▶ 37% report “do not know” at least once
- ▶ Level of financial literacy is lower among women, less educated and those living in east Germany
- ▶ Only about 25% plan for retirement.
- ▶ We find a positive and significant relation between financial literacy and retirement planning.
- ▶ IV estimation indicates that there is a positive and significant effect of financial literacy on retirement planning.

THANK YOU

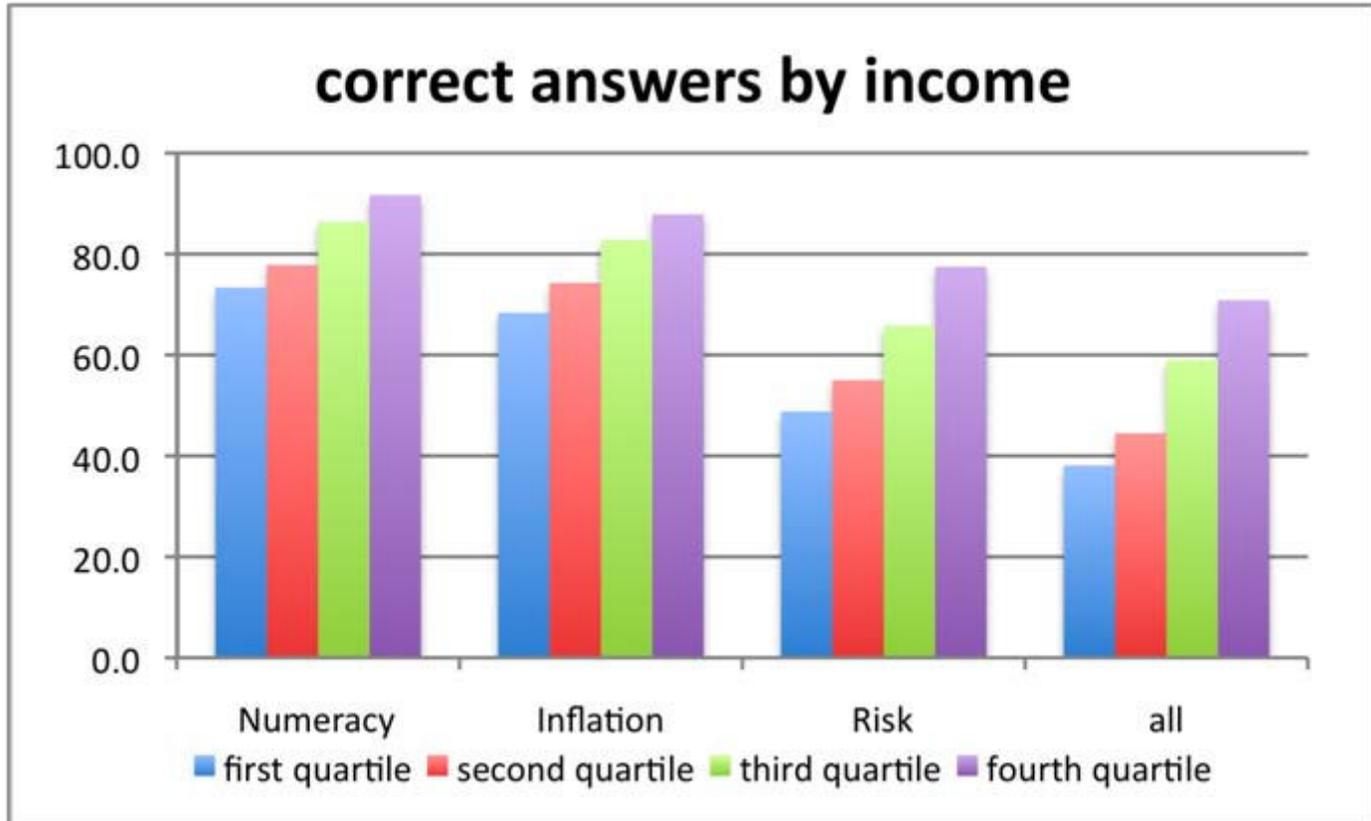
## 3.2 Who knows the least?



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